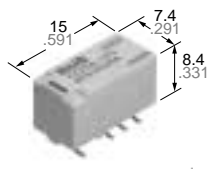
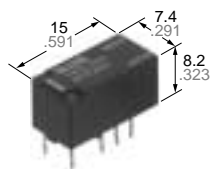


# NAIS

## 2 AMP. HIGH CAPACITY RELAY WITH HIGH SURGE VOLTAGE & HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

# TX-RELAYS



mm inch

### FEATURES

- Breakdown voltage between contacts and coil: 2,000 V
- Surge withstand between contacts and coil: 2,500 V
- High contact capacity: 2 A 30 V DC
- Surface-mount type available

### SPECIFICATIONS

Contact		
Arrangement		2 Form C
Initial contact resistance, max. (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)		100 mOhm
Contact material		Gold-clad silver alloy
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)	2 A 30 V DC
	Max. switching power (resistive load)	60 W
	Max. switching voltage	220 V DC
	Max. switching current	2 A
	Min. switching capacity *1	10 µA 10 mV DC
Nominal operating power	Single side stable	140 mW (1.5 to 24 V DC) 270 mW (48 V DC)
	1 coil latching	100 mW (1.5 to 24 V DC)
	2 coil latching	200 mW (1.5 to 24 V DC)
Expected life (min. operations)	Mechanical (at 180 cpm)	10 <sup>8</sup>
	Electrical (at 20 cpm)	2 A 30 V DC resistive
		1 A 30 V DC resistive

- Notes:**
- \*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
  - \*2 The upper limit for the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise. Under the packing condition, allowable temperature range is from -40 to +70°C -40°C to +158°F.

- Remarks**
- \* Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.
  - \*1 Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.
  - \*2 By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 2 A.
  - \*3 Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.
  - \*4 Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time without diode.
  - \*5 Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms; detection time: 10 µs.
  - \*6 Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.
  - \*7 Detection time: 10 µs.
  - \*8 Refer to 4. Conditions for operation, transport and storage mentioned in Cautions for use (Page 178).

Characteristics		
Initial insulation resistance*1		Min. 1,000 MW (at 500 V DC)
Initial breakdown voltage	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Between contact and coil	2,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
Initial surge voltage	Between open contacts (10x160 µs)	1,500 V (FCC Part 68)
	Between contacts and coil (2x10 µs)	2,500 V (Bellcore)
Temperature rise*2 (at 20°C)		Max. 50°C
Operate time [Set time]*3 (at 20°C)		Max. 4 ms (Approx. 2 ms) [Max. 4 ms (Approx. 2 ms)]
Release time [Reset time]*4 (at 20°C)		Max. 4 ms (Approx. 1 ms) [Max. 4 ms (Approx. 2 ms)]
Shock resistance	Functional*5	Min. 750 m/s <sup>2</sup> {75 G}
	Destructive*6	Min. 1,000 m/s <sup>2</sup> {100 G}
Vibration resistance	Functional*7	196 m/s <sup>2</sup> {20 G}, 10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.3 mm
	Destructive	294 m/s <sup>2</sup> {30G}, 10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm
Conditions for operation, transport and storage*8 (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	Ambient temperature *2	-40°C to +85°C (up to 24 V coil) -40°F to +185°F (up to 24 V coil) -40°C to +70°C (48 V coil) -40°F to +158°F (48 V coil)
	Humidity	5 to 85% R.H.
Unit weight		Approx. 2 g .071 oz

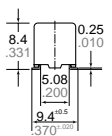
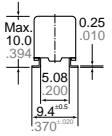
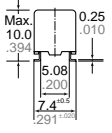
### ORDERING INFORMATION

Ex. TX 2 SA - L - H - 3V - Z

Contact arrangement	Surface-mount availability	Operating function	Terminal shape	Coil voltage (DC)	Packing style
2: 2 Form C	Nil: Standard PC board terminal type or self-clinching terminal type SA: Standard surface-mount terminal type SL: High connection reliability surface-mount terminal type SS: Space saving surface-mount terminal type	Nil: Single side stable L: 1 coil latching L2: 2 coil latching	Nil: Standard PC board terminal or surface-mount terminal H: Self-clinching terminal	1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48* V	Nil: Tube packing Z: Tape and reel packing (picked from the 8/9/10/12-pin side)

- Notes: 1. Tape and reel (picked from 1/3/4/5-pin side) is also available by request. Part number suffix "-X" is needed when ordering. (ex.) TX2SA-3 V-X
2. Tape and reel packing symbol "-Z" or "-X" are not marked on the relay.
- \*48 V coil type: Single side stable only

## Surface-mount terminal variation

Variation	Terminal style	Usable conditions based on terminal connection solder reliability	
		Normal environments (indoor)	Drastic temperature fluctuations (outdoor)
SA type (Standard surface-mount terminal type)		Recommended	—
SL type (Highly connection reliability surface-mount terminal type)		Recommended	Recommended
SS type (Space saving surface-mount terminal type)		Recommended	Recommended

## TYPES AND COIL DATA (at 20°C 68°F)

### 1) Standard PC board terminal type and self-clinching terminal type

#### 1. Single side stable

Part No.		Nominal voltage, V DC	Pick-up voltage, V DC (max.)	Drop-out voltage, V DC (min.)	Nominal operating current, mA (±10%)	Coil resistance, Ohm (±10%)	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC
Standard PC board terminal	Self-clinching terminal							
TX2-1.5 V	TX2-H-1.5 V	1.5	1.13	0.15	93.8	16	140	2.2
TX2-3 V	TX2-H-3 V	3	2.25	0.3	46.7	64.3	140	4.5
TX2-4.5 V	TX2-H-4.5 V	4.5	3.38	0.45	31	145	140	6.7
TX2-5 V	TX2-H-5 V	5	3.75	0.5	28.1	178	140	7.5
TX2-6 V	TX2-H-6 V	6	4.5	0.6	23.3	257	140	9
TX2-9 V	TX2-H-9 V	9	6.75	0.9	15.5	579	140	13.5
TX2-12 V	TX2-H-12 V	12	9	1.2	11.7	1,028	140	18
TX2-24 V	TX2-H-24 V	24	18	2.4	5.8	4,114	140	36
TX2-48 V	TX2-H-48 V	48	36	4.8	5.6	8,533	270	57.6

#### 2. 1 Coil latching

Part No.		Nominal voltage, V DC	Set voltage, V DC (max.)	Reset voltage, V DC (max.)	Nominal operating current, mA (±10%)	Coil resistance, Ohm (±10%)	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC
Standard PC board terminal	Self-clinching terminal							
TX2-L-1.5 V	TX2-L-H-1.5 V	1.5	1.13	1.13	66.7	22.5	100	2.2
TX2-L-3 V	TX2-L-H-3 V	3	2.25	2.25	33.3	90	100	4.5
TX2-L-4.5 V	TX2-L-H-4.5 V	4.5	3.38	3.38	22.2	202.5	100	6.7
TX2-L-5 V	TX2-L-H-5 V	5	3.75	3.75	20	250	100	7.5
TX2-L-6 V	TX2-L-H-6 V	6	4.5	4.5	16.7	360	100	9
TX2-L-9 V	TX2-L-H-9 V	9	6.75	6.75	11.1	810	100	13.5
TX2-L-12 V	TX2-L-H-12 V	12	9	9	8.3	1,440	100	18
TX2-L-24 V	TX2-L-H-24 V	24	18	18	4.2	5,760	100	36

#### 3. 2 Coil latching

Part No.		Nominal voltage, V DC	Set voltage, V DC (max.)	Reset voltage, V DC (max.)	Nominal operating current, mA (±10%)	Coil resistance, Ohm (±10%)	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC
Standard PC board terminal	Self-clinching terminal							
TX2-L2-1.5 V	TX2-L2-H-1.5 V	1.5	1.13	1.13	133.9	11.2	200	2.2
TX2-L2-3 V	TX2-L2-H-3 V	3	2.25	2.25	66.7	45	200	4.5
TX2-L2-4.5 V	TX2-L2-H-4.5 V	4.5	3.38	3.38	44.5	101.2	200	6.7
TX2-L2-5 V	TX2-L2-H-5 V	5	3.75	3.75	40	125	200	7.5
TX2-L2-6 V	TX2-L2-H-6 V	6	4.5	4.5	33.3	180	200	9
TX2-L2-9 V	TX2-L2-H-9 V	9	6.75	6.75	22.2	405	200	13.5
TX2-L2-12 V	TX2-L2-H-12 V	12	9	9	16.7	720	200	18
TX2-L2-24 V	TX2-L2-H-24 V	24	18	18	8.3	2,880	200	36

#### Notes:

1. Specified value of pick-up, drop-out, set and reset voltage is with the condition of square wave coil pulse.

2. Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

3. In case of 5 V transistor drive circuit, it is recommended to use 4.5 V type relay.

## 2) Surface-mount terminal type

## 1. Single side stable

Part No.	Nominal voltage, V DC	Pick-up voltage, V DC (max.)	Drop-out voltage, V DC (min.)	Nominal operating current, mA ( $\pm 10\%$ )	Coil resistance, Ohm ( $\pm 10\%$ )	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC
TX2SO-1.5 V	1.5	1.13	0.15	93.8	16	140	2.2
TX2SO-3 V	3	2.25	0.3	46.7	64.3	140	4.5
TX2SO-4.5 V	4.5	3.38	0.45	31	145	140	6.7
TX2SO-5 V	5	3.75	0.5	28.1	178	140	7.5
TX2SO-6 V	6	4.5	0.6	23.3	257	140	9
TX2SO-9 V	9	6.75	0.9	15.5	579	140	13.5
TX2SO-12 V	12	9	1.2	11.7	1,028	140	18
TX2SO-24 V	24	18	2.4	5.8	4,114	140	36
TX2SO-48 V	48	36	4.8	5.6	8,533	270	57.6

## 2. 1 coil latching

Part No.	Nominal voltage, V DC	Set voltage, V DC (max.)	Reset voltage, V DC (max.)	Nominal operating current, mA ( $\pm 10\%$ )	Coil resistance, Ohm ( $\pm 10\%$ )	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC
TX2SO-L-1.5 V	1.5	1.13	1.13	66.7	22.5	100	2.2
TX2SO-L-3 V	3	2.25	2.25	33.3	90	100	4.5
TX2SO-L-4.5 V	4.5	3.38	3.38	22.2	202.5	100	6.7
TX2SO-L-5 V	5	3.75	3.75	20	250	100	7.5
TX2SO-L-6 V	6	4.5	4.5	16.7	360	100	9
TX2SO-L-9 V	9	6.75	6.75	11.1	810	100	13.5
TX2SO-L-12 V	12	9	9	8.3	1,440	100	18
TX2SO-L-24 V	24	18	18	4.2	5,760	100	36

## 3. 2 coil latching

Part No.	Nominal voltage, V DC	Set voltage, V DC (max.)	Reset voltage, V DC (max.)	Nominal operating current, mA ( $\pm 10\%$ )	Coil resistance, Ohm ( $\pm 10\%$ )	Nominal operating power, mW	Max. allowable voltage, V DC
TX2SO-L2-1.5 V	1.5	1.13	1.13	133.9	11.2	200	2.2
TX2SO-L2-3 V	3	2.25	2.25	66.7	45	200	4.5
TX2SO-L2-4.5 V	4.5	3.38	3.38	44.5	101.2	200	6.7
TX2SO-L2-5 V	5	3.75	3.75	40	125	200	7.5
TX2SO-L2-6 V	6	4.5	4.5	33.3	180	200	9
TX2SO-L2-9 V	9	6.75	6.75	22.2	405	200	13.5
TX2SO-L2-12 V	12	9	9	16.7	720	200	18
TX2SO-L2-24 V	24	18	18	8.3	2,880	200	36

○: For each surface-mounted terminal variation, input the following letter.

SA type: A , SL type: L , SS type: S

**Notes:**

1. Specified value of pick-up, drop-out, set and reset voltage is with the condition of square wave coil pulse.
2. Standard packing: Tube: 40 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.
3. Tape and reel packing is also available for surface-mount type by request. Part number suffix "-X" or "-Z" is needed when ordering. In this case, "X" or "Z" are not marked on the relay.  
Quantity in tape and reel: 500 pcs.

(ex.) • TX2SA-3V-X

• TX2SA-L-3V-Z

└ Picked from the 1/3/4/5-pin side

└ Picked from the 8/9/10/12-pin side

4. In case of 5 V transistor drive circuit, it is recommended to use 4.5 V type relay.

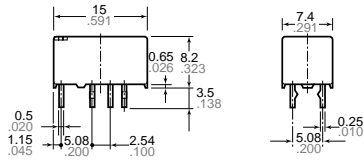
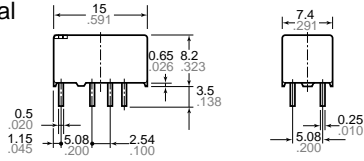
# DIMENSIONS

## 1. Single side stable and 1 coil latching type

Standard PC board terminal



Self clinching terminal

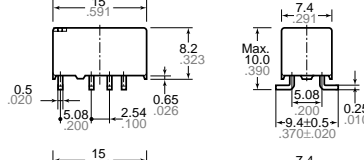
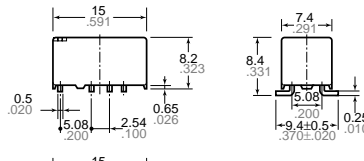


Surface-mount terminal SA type

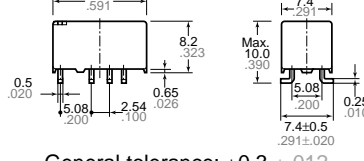


SL type

General tolerance:  $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

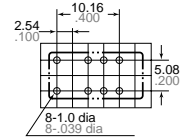


SS type



General tolerance:  $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

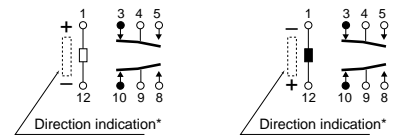
PC board pattern (Copper-side view)



Tolerance:  $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

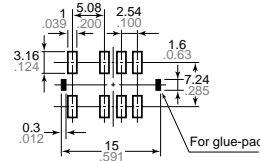
Schematic (Bottom view)

Single side stable (Deenergized condition)      1 coil latching (Reset condition)



\*Orientation stripe located on top of relay.

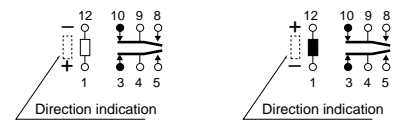
Suggested mounting pad (Top view)



Tolerance:  $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Top view)

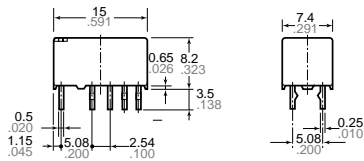
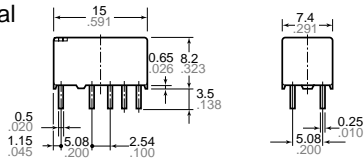
Single side stable (Deenergized condition)      1 coil latching (Reset condition)



## 2. Coil latching type

Standard PC board terminal

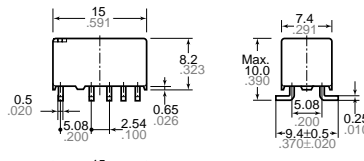
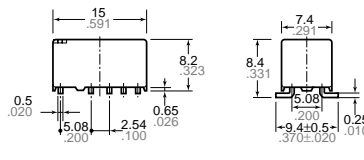
Self clinching terminal



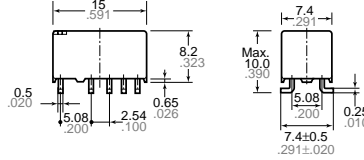
Surface-mount terminal SA type

SL type

General tolerance:  $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

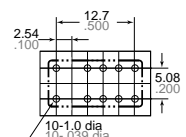


SS type



General tolerance:  $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$

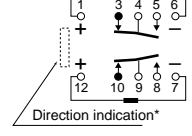
PC board pattern (Copper side view)



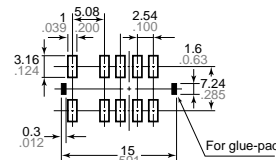
Tolerance:  $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

Schematic (Bottom view)

2 coil latching (Reset condition)



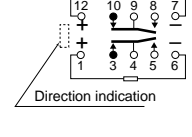
Suggested mounting pad (Top view)



Tolerance:  $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

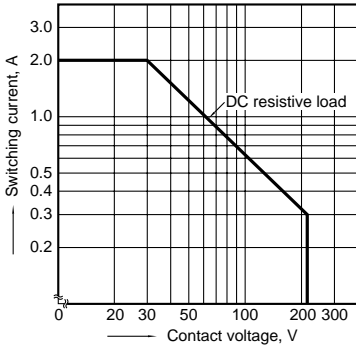
Schematic (Top view)

1 coil latching (Reset condition)

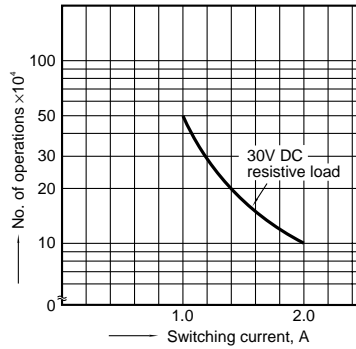


REFERENCE DATA

1. Maximum switching capacity

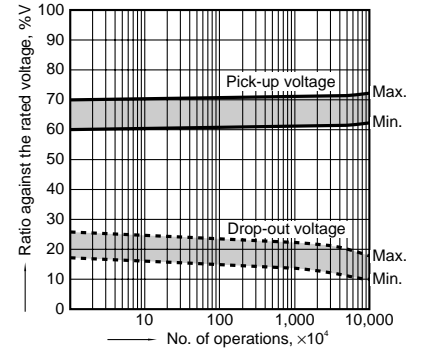


2. Life curve



3. Mechanical life

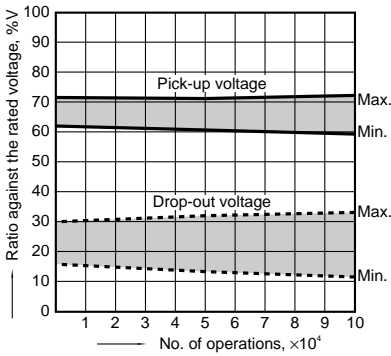
Tested sample: TX2-5V, 10 pcs.  
Operating frequency: 180 cpm



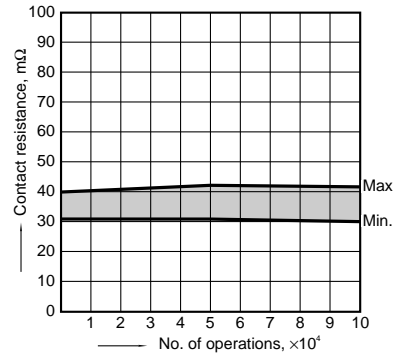
4. Electrical life

Tested sample: TX2-5V, 6 pcs.  
Operating frequency: 20 cpm

Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage

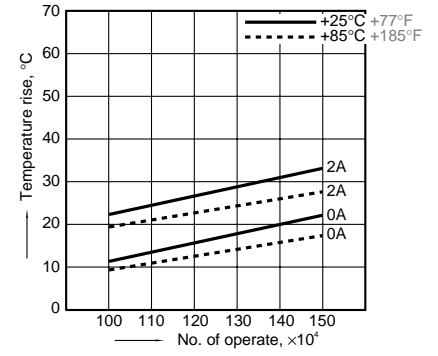


Change of contact resistance



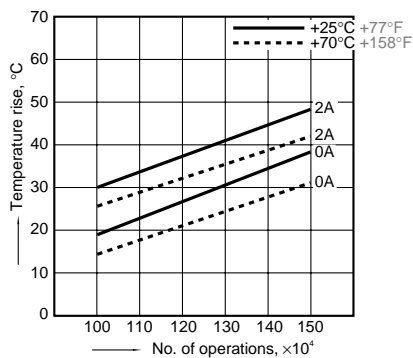
5-(1). Coil temperature rise

Tested sample: TX2-5V, 6 pcs.  
Point measured: Inside the coil  
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F, 85°C 185°F



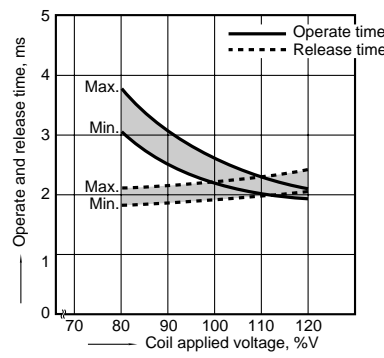
5-(2). Coil temperature rise

Tested sample: TX2-48V, 6 pcs.  
Point measured: Inside the coil  
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F, 70°C 158°F

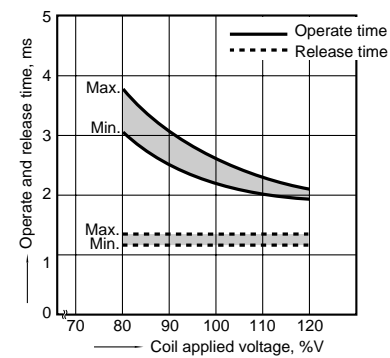


6-(1). Operate and release time (with diode)

Tested sample: TX2-5V, 10 pcs.

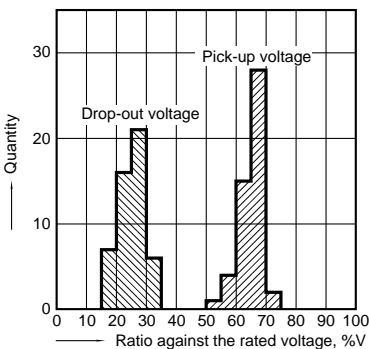


6-(2). Operate and release time (without diode)



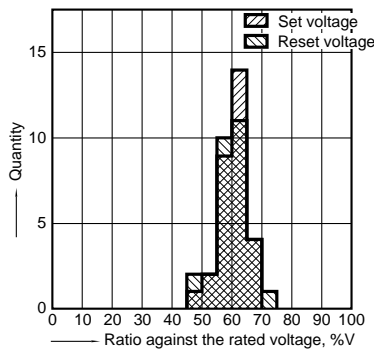
7. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage

Tested sample: TX2-5V, 50 pcs.



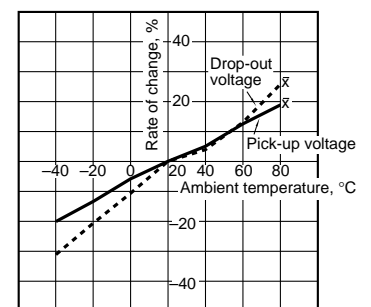
8. Distribution of set and reset voltage

Tested sample: TX2-L2-12V, 30 pcs.

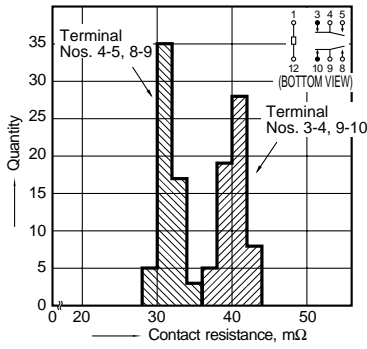


9. Ambient temperature characteristics

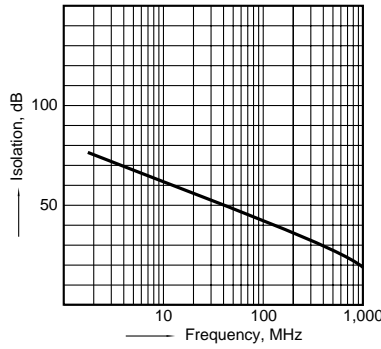
Tested sample: TX2-5V, 5 pcs.



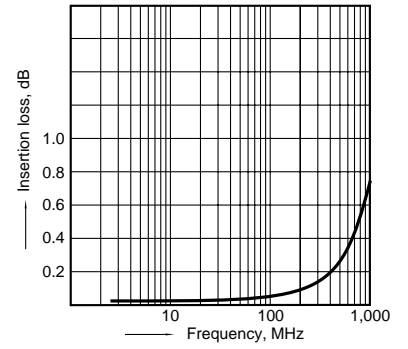
10. Distribution of contact resistance  
Tested sample: TX2-5V, 30 pcs. (30 x 4 contacts)



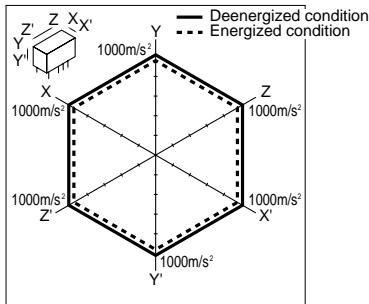
11-(1). High frequency characteristics  
Tested sample: TX2-12V, 2 pcs.  
Isolation characteristics



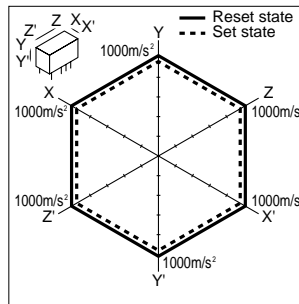
11-(2). High frequency characteristics  
Tested sample: TX2-12V, 2 pcs.  
Insertion loss characteristics



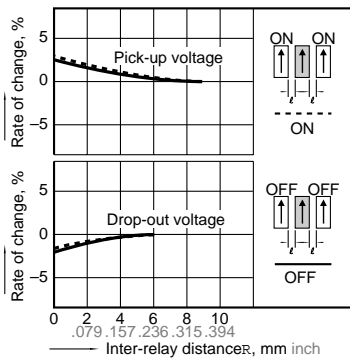
12-(1). Malfunctional shock (single side stable)  
Tested sample: TX2-5V, 6 pcs



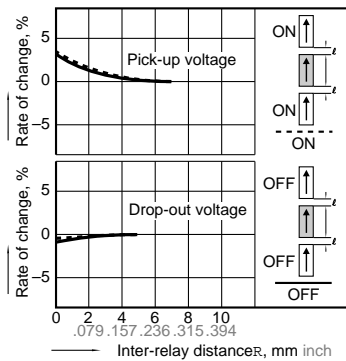
12-(2). Malfunctional shock (latching)  
Tested sample: TX2-L2-12V, 6 pcs.



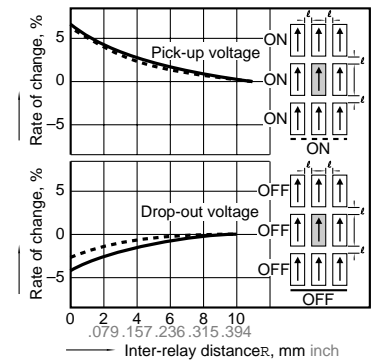
13-(1). Influence of adjacent mounting



13-(2). Influence of adjacent mounting

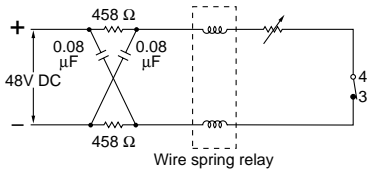


13-(3). Influence of adjacent mounting

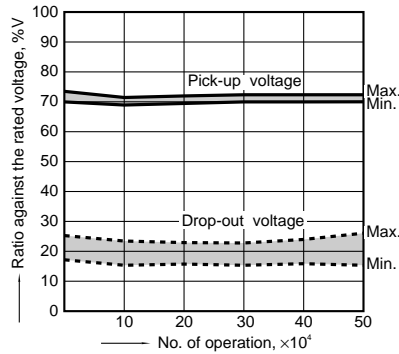


14. Pulse dialing test  
Tested sample: TX2-5V, 6 pcs.  
(35 mA 48 V DC wire spring relay load)

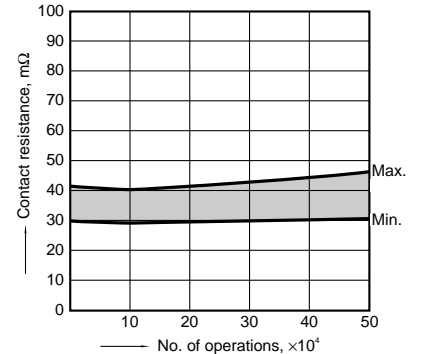
Circuit



Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



Change of contact resistance



Note: Data of surface-mount type are the same as those of PC board terminal type.

# T-Series Relays

## T series Cautions for Use

### 1. Coil operating power

Pure DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, check it with the actual circuit since the characteristics may be slightly different.

The nominal operating voltage should be applied to the coil for more than 10 ms to set/reset the latching type relay.

### 2. Coil connection

When connecting coils, refer to the wiring diagram to prevent mis-operation or malfunction.

### 3. External magnetic field

Since T-Series relays are highly sensitive polarized relays, their characteristics will be affected by a strong external magnetic field.

Avoid using the relay under that conditions.

### 4. Conditions for operation, transport and storage

1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:

#### TX(-SMD)/TX-D(-SMD)/TQ-SMD

(1) Temperature:

-40 to +85°C -40 to +185°F.

The temperature range is -40 to +70°C -40 to +158°F for the packaged relay.

#### TX-S(-SMD)

(1) Temperature:

-40 to +70°C -40 to +158°F for the package/non-package relay.

#### TQ/TF/TN/TK

(1) Temperature: -40 to +70°C -40 to +158°F

The temperature range is -40 to +60°C -40 to +140°F for the packaged relay.

(2) Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H.

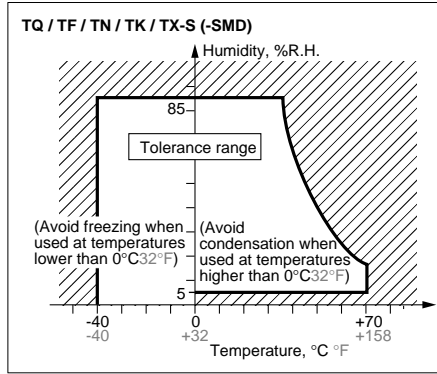
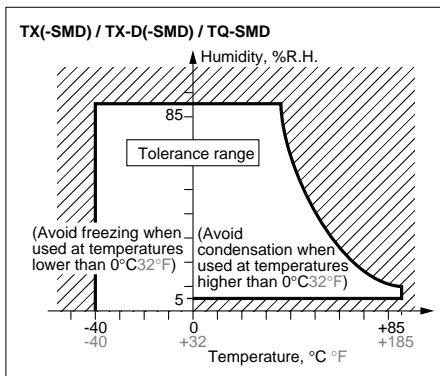
(Avoid freezing and condensation.)

The humidity range varies with the temperature.

Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

(3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

#### Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage:



### 2) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature, high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

### 3) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperature is lower than 0°C 32°F.

This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

### 4) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

### 5. M.B.B. contact relays

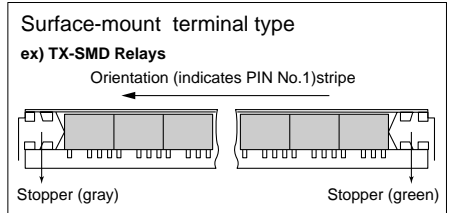
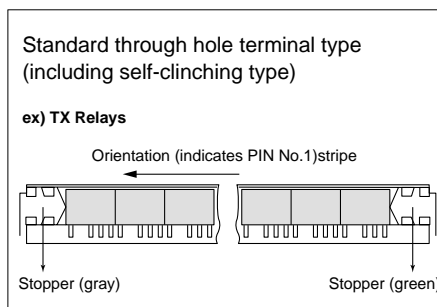
A small OFF time may be generated by the contact bounce during contact switching. Check the actual circuit carefully. If the relay is dropped accidentally, check the appearance and characteristics including M.B.B. time before use.

### 6. Packing style

1) Tube orientation for both standard through hole terminal type (including self-clinching type) and surface-mount terminal type.

The relay is packed in a tube with the relay orientation mark on the left side, as shown in the figure below.

Take note of the relay orientation when mounting relays on the printed circuit board.

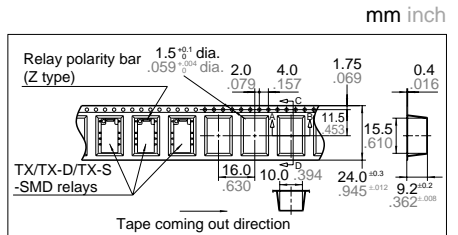


### (2) Tape and reel packing (surface-mount terminal type)

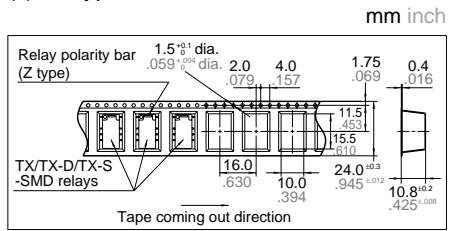
#### (1) Tape dimensions

##### 1. TX/TX-D/TX-S-SMD Relays

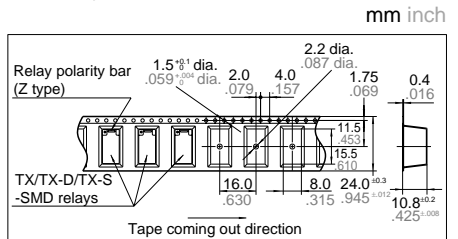
#### (i) SA type



#### (ii) SL type

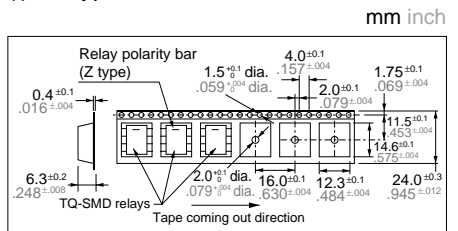


#### (iii) SS type

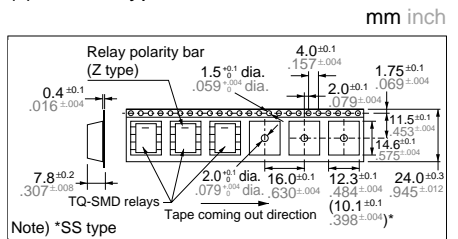


### 2. TQ-SMD Relays

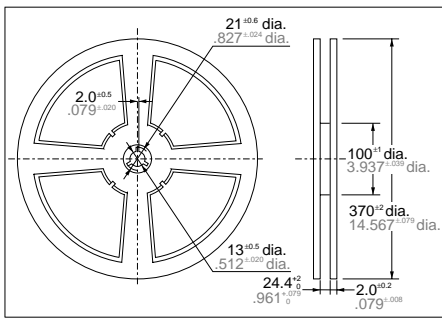
#### (i) SA type



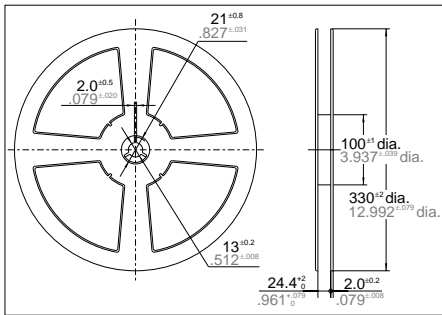
#### (ii) SL, SS type



(2) Dimensions of plastic reel  
 (i) TX/TX-D/TX-S-SMD Relays



(ii) TQ-SMD Relays



**7. Automatic insertion**

To maintain the internal function of the relay, the chucking pressure should not exceed the values below.

1) TX(-SMD)/TX-D(-SMD)/TQ/TF

Chucking pressure in the direction A:

4.9 N {500 g} or less

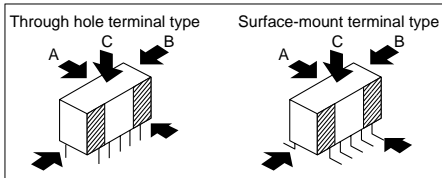
Chucking pressure in the direction B:

9.8 N {1 kg} or less

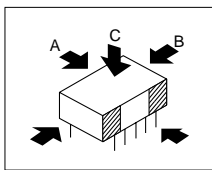
Chucking pressure in the direction C:

9.8 N {1 kg} or less

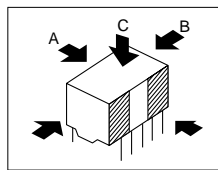
TX(-SMD)/TX-D(-SMD)/TX-S(-SMD)



TQ



TF



Please chuck the portion.

Avoid chucking the center of the relay.

2) TQ-SMD

Chucking pressure in the direction A:

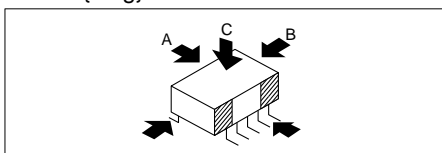
9.8 N {1 kg} or less

Chucking pressure in the direction B:

9.8 N {1 kg} or less

Mounting pressure in the direction C:

9.8 N {1 kg} or less



Please chuck the portion.

Avoid chucking the center of the relay.

3) TN

Chucking pressure in the direction A:

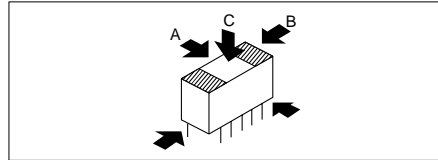
9.8 N {1 kg} or less

Chucking pressure in the direction B:

9.8 N {1 kg} or less

Chucking pressure in the direction C:

4.9 N {500 g} or less



Please chuck the portion.

Avoid chucking the center of the relay.

4) TK

Chucking pressure\* in the direction A:

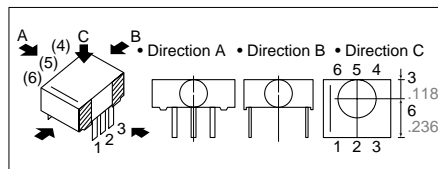
9.8 N {1 kg} or less

Chucking pressure\* in the direction B:

29.4 N {3 kg} or less

Chucking pressure\* in the direction C:

9.8 N {1 kg} or less



Please chuck the portion.

Avoid chucking the center of the relay.

\*Value of chucking pressure is shown by the value of weight pressed on the portion(4 mm dia.)

**8. Soldering**

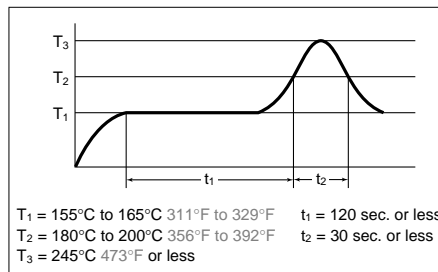
1) Preheat according to the following conditions.

Temperature	100°C 212°F or less
Time	Within approx. 1 minute

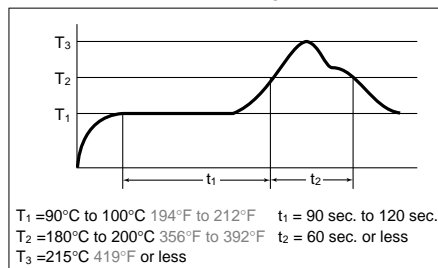
When soldering standard PC board terminals or self-clinching terminals, soldering should be done at 250°C 482°F within 5 sec.

2) When soldering surface-mount terminals, the following conditions are recommended.

(1) IR (Infrared reflow) soldering method



(2) Vapor phase soldering method



(3) Soldering iron method

Tiptemperature: 280°C to 300°C 536°F to 572°C

Wattage: 30 to 60 W

Soldering time: within 5 sec.

(4) Other soldering methods

Check mounting conditions before using other soldering methods (hot-air, hot plate, pulse heater, etc.).

**Remarks**

The temperature profile indicates the temperature of the soldered terminal on the surface of the PC board.

The ambient temperature may increase excessively.

Check the temperature under mounting conditions.

The conditions for the infrared reflow soldering apply when preheating using the VPS method.

**9. Cleaning**

In automatic cleaning, cleaning with the boiling method is recommended. Avoid ultrasonic cleaning which subject the relay to high frequency vibrations. It may cause the contacts to stick.

It is recommended that a fluorinated hydrocarbon or other alcoholic solvents be used.

**10. Others**

1) If in error the relay has been dropped, the appearance and characteristics should be checked before use without fail.

2) The cycle lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS\* C 5442-1986 standard (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity 25 to 85%). Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors.

3) For secure operations, the voltage applied to the coil should be nominal voltage. In addition, please note that pick-up and drop-out voltage will vary according to the ambient temperature and operation conditions.

4) Latching relays are shipped from the factory in the reset state. A shock to the relay during shipping or installation may cause it to change to the set state.

Therefore, it is recommended that the relay be used in a circuit which initializes the relay to the required state (set or reset) whenever the power is turned on.

5) Check the ambient conditions when storing or transporting the relays and devices containing the relays. Freezing or condensation may occur in the relay, causing functional damage. Avoid subjecting the relays to heavy loads, or strong vibration and shocks.

\*Japanese Industrial Standards